UNIT 5 • POLYNOMIAL OPERATIONS AND QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS A–SSE.3^{*}, A–CED.2^{*} Lesson 5.8: Creating and Graphing Equations Using the *x*-intercepts

Date:

Α

Practice 5.8: Creating and Graphing Equations Using the *x*-intercepts

Identify the *x*-intercepts, if any, of the following quadratic functions. Determine the equation of the axis of symmetry for each parabola.

1.
$$y = (x - 3)(x + 6)$$

2. $f(x) = \left(x - \frac{2}{3}\right)\left(x + \frac{2}{3}\right)$

Determine the equation of each quadratic function in standard form, given the zeros and a point on the graph.

3.
$$x = -2; (3, 10)$$

4.
$$x = 5, x = -12; (0, -60)$$

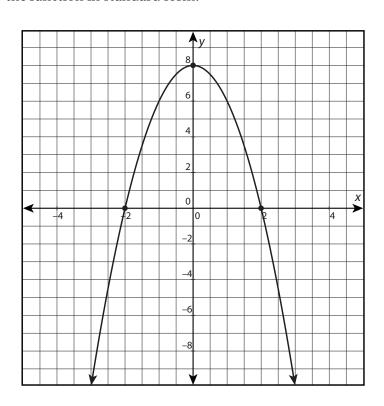
Sketch a graph for each of the following quadratic functions.

5.
$$y = (x + 3)(x + 1)$$

6. $y = (3x - 2)(x - 1)$

Given the graph of a quadratic function, use the intercepts and another point on the graph to write the equation of the function in standard form.

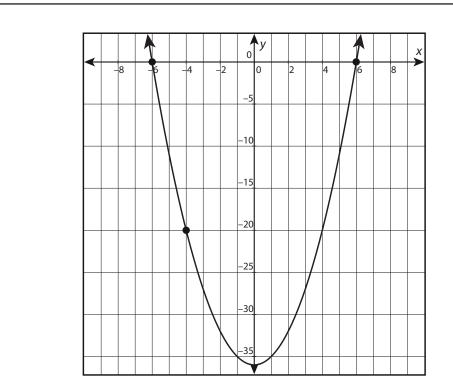






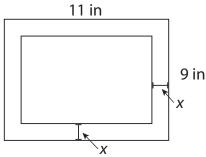
U5-161 North Carolina Math 1 5.8 8.

UNIT 5 • POLYNOMIAL OPERATIONS AND QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS A–SSE.3^{*}, A–CED.2^{*} Lesson 5.8: Creating and Graphing Equations Using the *x*-intercepts



Use the given information to solve the following problems.

9. A family portrait hanging on the wall has a frame with dimensions of 11 inches by 9 inches. The width of the frame is represented by *x*. What are the dimensions of the portrait if its area is 35 square inches?



10. A bird takes off from the roof of a 250-foot-tall building and flies to the ground below. Its path takes the form of a parabola. The bird's height can be modeled by $h(t) = -t^2 + 15t + 250$, where h(t) is the height of the bird above ground in feet *t* seconds after leaving the roof. After how many seconds does the bird land on the ground?