How do you determine if a set of data represents an exponential function?

For example:

| $x$ | $f(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -1 | 0.667 |
| 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1.5 |
| 2 | 2.25 |
| 3 | 3.375 |

$$
f(x)=1.5 x
$$

In this lesson you will learn how to write and graph an exponential function by examining a table that displays an exponential relationship.

## 1st Difference



1st difference is a constant of -2 .

## Exponential Functions

$$
\begin{gathered}
f(x)=a b^{x} \\
a=\text { initial amount/start value }(a>0) \\
b=\text { common ratio }(b>0, b \neq 1)
\end{gathered}
$$

A Common Misunderstanding

## Exponential Functions



$$
\begin{aligned}
f(x) & =2^{x} \\
f(x) & =3^{x} \\
f(x) & =4^{x} \\
f(x) & =5^{x} \\
f(x) & =0.5^{x+1}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Core Lesson

Identifying an Exponential Relationship From a Table

Core Lesson
Writing an Exponential Equation

| $x$ | $f(x)$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1 | $\frac{2}{3}$ |  |
| 0 | 2 |  |
| 1 | 6 |  |
| 183 |  |  |
| 2 | 18 |  |
| 3 | 54 |  |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(x)=a b^{x} \\
& a=2 \\
& b=3 \\
& f(x)=2(3) x
\end{aligned}
$$

## Core Lesson

Graphing Exponential Functions

$$
f(x)=2(3) x
$$

| $x$ | $f(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -1 | $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 6 |
| 2 | 18 |
| 3 | 54 |



Asymptote at $y=0$

In this lesson you have learned how to write and graph an exponential function by examining a table that displays an exponential relationship.

